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//SMARS Demo 3 with ultrasonic sensor
//This sketch makes the robot avoid obstacles.
//you'll need a motor driver https://goo.gl/v8ADzU and an ultrasonic sensor
https://goo.gl/upDRNi
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int lmotorpin1=3;
int lmotorpin2=5;
int rmotorpin1=6;
int rmotorpin2=9;
int distancecm=0;
const int trigPin = 10;
const int echoPin = 11;
// defines variables
long duration;
int distance;
void setup() {
  pinMode(lmotorpin1,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(lmotorpin2,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(rmotorpin1,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(rmotorpin2,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT); // Sets the trigPin as an Output
  pinMode(echoPin, INPUT); // Sets the echoPin as an Input
}

void loop() {
  distancecm=mdistance();
  if(distance<5){
    digitalWrite(lmotorpin1,LOW);
    digitalWrite(lmotorpin2,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(rmotorpin1,LOW);
    digitalWrite(rmotorpin2,HIGH);
    delay(1000);
    digitalWrite(lmotorpin1,LOW);
    digitalWrite(lmotorpin2,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(rmotorpin1,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(rmotorpin2,LOW);
    delay(1000);
  }
  else{
    digitalWrite(rmotorpin1,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(rmotorpin2,LOW);
    digitalWrite(lmotorpin1,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(lmotorpin2,LOW);
  }
}

int mdistance()
```

```
{  
/
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digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);  
delayMicroseconds(2);  
// Sets the trigPin on HIGH state for 10 micro seconds  
digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);  
delayMicroseconds(10);  
digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);  
// Reads the echoPin, returns the sound wave travel time in microseconds  
duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);  
// Calculating the distance  
distance= duration*0.034/2;  
// Prints the distance on the Serial Monitor  
Serial.print("Distance: ");
```

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}
```